

CONF N°10 ANGLAIS

VOCABULAIRE

Ongle	nails	unguis	
Verrue	wart		
Bouton de fièvre, herpes labial	cold sore	fever blister	solar keratinosis
Escarre	bed sore	pressure sore	decubitus ulcera
Cicatrisation	healing		
Global	gross		

THE INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

The skin is an organ, consists of the epidermis and the dermis, contains abundant nerve endings and plays a role in immunity.

The epidermis is composed of melanocytes, Merkel cells, keratinocytes and Langerhans cells.

The dermis is composed of connective tissues containing collagen and elastic fibers, comprises blood vessels, nerves, glands and hair follicles and can tear during extreme stretching and be marked by striae.

Among the skin pigments we find hemoglobin, melanin and carotene.

Lines of cleavage on the skin indicate the predominant direction of underlying collagen fibers.

A hair is composed of portions and layers called the root, cuticle, shaft, bulb, follicle.

The condition of excessive hairiness of the upper lip, chin, chest, inner thighs and abdomen in females and prepubertal males is called hirsutism.

The English translations for the term "brulure au troisième degré" are "full-thickness / third (3rd) degree burn"

Acne is an inflammation of the sebaceous glands that usually begins at puberty.

A wart is a mass produced by uncontrolled growth of epithelial skin cells and caused by a virus.

Impetigo is a superficial skin infection caused by a staph or a strep.

A fever blister / cold sore / solar keratinosis is a lesion usually in the oral mucous membrane caused by herpes simplex virus type 1, transmitted by oral or respiratory routes.

Pressure sores / bed sores / decubitus ulcera are caused by a constant deficiency of blood to tissues overlying a bony projection.

GRAMMAR – LINK WORDS

Contraste

NOTWITHSTANDING	pourtant
STILL	cependant
HOWEVER / NEVERTHELESS / NONETHELESS	néanmoins
YET	en revanche
WHEREAS / WHILE	alors que / tandis que
CONTRARY TO	contrairement à
UNLIKE	au contraire de
ON ONE HAND	d'un côté
ON THE OTHER HAND	de l'autre côté
CONVERSELY	Inversement
RATHER THAN	plutôt que

Condition

PROVIDED	pourvu que
ON CONDITION THAT	à condition que
REGARDLESS OF	indépendamment de
UNLESS	à moins que
IN THE CASE OF	au cas où

Concession

ALBEIT	encore que
ALTHOUGH / THOUGH	bien que
DESPITE / IN SPITE OF	en dépit de
FOR ALL THAT	malgré cela

Conséquence

THAT IS WHY	c'est pourquoi
SINCE	puisque
THEREBY	de cette façon
THUS	ainsi
HENCE	d'où
AS A RESULT	en conséquence
THEREFORE / CONSEQUENTLY / ACCORDINGLY	par conséquent
SO THAT	si bien que
SO	alors

Cause

BECAUSE	parce que
AS	comme
GIVEN THAT	étant donné que
OWING TO	suite à
ON THE GROUND OF	pour raison de
DUE TO	à cause de
ON ACCOUNT OF	en raison de
INASMUCH AS / INSOFAR AS	dans la mesure où

Insister (emphasis)

ABOVE ALL	avant tout
ALL THE MORE SO	d'autant plus que
FIRST AND FOREMOST	surtout
ESPECIALLY	particulièrement
IN SPECIE	en particulier

Addition

TOGETHER WITH / ALONG WITH	avec
TO BOOT	de surcroît
IN ADDITION	en plus
BESIDES	en outre
MOREOVER / FURTHERMORE	de plus
AS WELL / TOO / ALSO	également

Temps

SO FAR	jusqu'à présent
UP TO NOW	jusqu'à maintenant
FOR THE TIME BEING	pour l'instant
PREVIOUSLY	précédemment
PRIOR TO	avant
FORMERLY	autrefois
IN THE MEANTIME	dans l'intervalle
AFTERWARDS	après
SINCE	depuis
FOR	depuis / pendant

Limitations :

FOR FEAR THAT = LEST de crainte de

CRITICAL APPRAISAL – DIAGNOSTICS TEST

Sensitivity measures the proportion of positives that are correctly identified as such (e.g., the percentage of sick people who are correctly identified as having the condition).

Specificity measures the proportion of negatives that are correctly identified as such (e.g., the percentage of healthy people who are correctly identified as not having the condition).

The positive predictive value is the percent of patients with positive test having the disease.

A/An odds ratio is a measure of association between an exposure and an outcome. It represents the chances that an outcome will occur given a particular exposure, compared to the chances of the outcome occurring in the absence of that exposure.

The number needed to treat is the total of people who need to take the treatment for one person to benefit from the treatment.